

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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NUMBER 33.

More Shoe Talk!

Why not buy your Shoes where you get greater value than is otherwise obtainable. Where you get not only Service but also Style.

We've got the goods; we've got the prices that talk louder than words, we know it. We want everybody in and around Chelsea to know the right way to get posted is by looking. You Take No Chances. Every pair shoes we sell is Guaranteed.

We are Selling

Women's Dongola Shoes, Patent tip, New Style toe at \$1.00.
Women's Dongola Shoes, Patent tip, Regular \$2.00 grade at \$1.50
We have them at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00, on every pair of which we save the purchaser from 50 cents to \$1.00.

We Sell

Men's Shoes at \$1.50, well worth \$2.00.
Men's Shoes at \$2.00, well worth \$2.50.
Men's Shoes at \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50, both in Black and the popular shades of tan.
Boy's, Misses' and Children's Shoes at lower prices than we have ever been able to sell them.
Men's Plow Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00.
No trouble to show goods, that's what we are here for.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

P. S. We are closing all out-of-style shoes at from 75 cents to \$1.00. Great chance if you want wear and don't care for style. We must have room for other goods.

\$24.00

BICYCLES.

\$26.00

BICYCLES.

\$35.00

BICYCLES.

ALSO

BICYCLES

To Rent, and
Second-hand

BICYCLES.

The Chelsea Manufacturing Co.
Near Depot.

SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric burglar proof vault-safe made.

J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

Easter at St. Mary's.

Easter Sunday, the glorious Feast of the Resurrection, is marked each year by special services and music in all Catholic churches. St. Mary's church, Chelsea, will as usual be *en fete*, and on Easter morn the subdued spirit of the penitential season will give way to feelings of joy, and from the holy temple will go up the glad cry, "Christ is Risen" Leonard's very beautiful Mass will be sung at the High Mass at 10.30 a. m. With Giorza's grand Easter anthem, "Regina Coeli," at the offertory.

At the beginning of Mass, Mr. Louis Burg will sing the tender and exultant anthem, "Christ, the Lord is Risen." Gregorian vespers will be chanted at 7.30 p. m. with Mozart's *Magnificat*, and "O Salutaris" by Giorza and the "Tantum Ergo" by Rossi. The sermon in the morn ing will be on the "Resurrection of Christ." The collection will be an Easter offering to the pastor by the congregation. The services will close with the singing by the congregation of "Holy God We Praise Thy Name."

Sylvan Township Election.

The republicans succeeded in electing all but Supervisor and Clerk this year. The whole number of votes cast was 692, as follows.

Supervisor,	
James Gilbert, r	313
Hiram Lighthall, d	360-47
Clerk,	
Orrin T. Hoover, r	329
William R. Lenman, d	353-24
Treasurer,	
Geo. A. BeGole, r	428-176
Nelson E. Freer, d	252
Highway Commissioner,	
Jacob Hummel, r	363-56
James Geddes, Sr., d	312
Justice of the Peace,	
Bernard Parker, r	347-18
Cyrus A. Updike, d	329
School Inspector	
Henry Steinbach, r	408-139
Thomas G. Speer, d	269
Member Board of Review,	
Stephen L. Gage, r	368-57
James H. Ruociman, d	311
Constables,	
Jay M. Woods, r	341
Jacob Staffan, r	331
Rush Green, r	357
Perry C. Depew, r	354
Edward Chandler, d	326
Martin Breitenbach, d	286
Adam G. Faist, d	289
Michael J. Howe, d	291

Lima.

The following was the result of the election in Lima township:

Supervisor,	
Theodore Wedemeyer, r	105
David E. Beach, d	132-27
Clerk,	
Otto D. Luick, r	147-56
Jacob J. Klein, Jr., d	91
Treasurer,	
Edward Weiss, r	85
John Grau, Jr., d	147-62
Highway Commissioner,	
Russel T. Wheelock, r	125-18
Daniel Wacker, d	107
Justice of the Peace,	
Herman E. Fletcher, r	133-36
Albert Widmayer, d	97
School Inspector,	
Samuel H. Smith, r	110
Fred Wenk, d	120-10
Member Board of Review,	
Samuel W. Tucker, r	102
Eddie J. Parker, d	129-27
Constables,	
Edward Weiss, r	101
William Tuttle, r	107
Arlington Guerin, r	127
Leroy Leach, r	133
John Grau, Jr., d	130
Frank Leach, d	123
Charles Paul, d	103
Alfred Kaercher, r	97

Excursions.

The University Musical Society Music Festival, Ann Arbor, Mich, May 12 to 14, 1898, one first-class fare for round trip. Dates of sale, May 12, 13 and 14. Good to return May 16.

B. P. O. E. meeting at New Orleans, La., May 10 to 13, 1898. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Good to return within fifteen days.

FOR THE

Choicest Teas & Coffees

Stop at the

Bank Drug Store.

Everything in the line of dye Stuffs.
Notice our prices on Clocks and Watches.
Pure maple sugar 10c per pound.

NOTICE OUR PRICES ON

WALL PAPER.

Easter Egg Dyes,

Easter Cards,

Easter Novelties.

Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.	Try our 25c N. O. molasses.
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.	Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
Good sugar corn 7 cents per can.	26 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can	Choice honey 12c per lb.
Good sugar syrup 20c per gal.	Light table syrup 25c per gal.
10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.	Cucumber pickles 5c per doz.
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.	Good tomatoes 7c per can.
4½ lbs crackers for 25c.	25 boxes matches for 25c.
Poultry powder 15c per package.	5 boxes tacks for 5c.
18 pounds Fine Granulated Sugar for \$1.00	6 doz clothespins for 5c.
	Good Coffee 10 cents per pound.

Glazier & Stimson

Headquarters

Oliver and Burch Plows, Spring and Spike tooth Harrows, Steel Land Rollers, Buggies, Wagons and Surreys.

Garden Tools at Lowest Prices.

Farmers' favorite Superior Drills.

Special Prices on Furniture during April.

HOAG & HOLMES.

IF WE CAN'T
GET THE BEST

We want none. That's our principle in buying. We deal only with firms who produce the best. We order only the choicest of the best. Isn't an article in either of our store that won't please you. And we've everything you could wish in

Groceries.

Compare our prices with any. You'll find they're lowest here, for the best.

FARRELL'S, Pure Food Store.

I will not be undersold.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.



We Offer
BARGAINS
This Month

In Farm Wagons both thimble skein and steel tubular axle, wide and narrow tire.
Furniture at Special Low Prices.

Buy your tinware of us and save money by doing it. It is all our make of the best American Tin.

W. J. KNAPP.

APRIL—1898.

Calendar grid for April 1898 showing days of the week and dates from 1 to 30.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

CONGRESSIONAL

Proceedings of First Regular Session.

In the senate on the 28th the report of the Maine court of inquiry was received in a message from the president and read and referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

Senator Allen (Neb.) introduced a resolution in the senate on the 29th recognizing the independence of the Cuban republic.

A resolution was reported in the senate on the 30th requesting the president to send to the senate all of the consular correspondence relating to the conduct of the war in the island of Cuba.

A discussion on the Cuban question took place in the senate on the 31st ult., after which 35 pages of the sundry civil appropriation bills were disposed of.

DOMESTIC.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 28th was: Wheat, 30,061,000 bushels; corn, 43,402,000 bushels; oats, 11,636,000 bushels; rye, 3,265,000 bushels; barley, 1,017,000 bushels.

The whole Lee family, consisting of father, mother and two small children, were found murdered on a ranch near Paint Rock, Tex.

The president is reported to have informed the Spanish government that hostilities in Cuba must be stopped, and he is awaiting a reply from Madrid.

High water has done untold damage to farms, highways and bridges in the vicinity of Princeton, Ind., and the loss will reach over \$300,000.

Secretary of War Alger declares the cabinet is united in supporting the policy of President McKinley.

A stick of dynamite exploded at the residence of Mrs. D. T. Ewers in Readstown, Wis., causing fatal injuries to Mrs. Ewers and her two daughters.

At Clarksville, Tenn., three terrific explosions occurred at the Sycamore powder mills, fatally injuring four employes.

President McKinley still hopes to settle the Cuban trouble peacefully. It is said to be a certainty, however, that Spain must get out of Cuba peacefully or be kicked out, whichever she herself elects.

Capt. Sigsby, of the wrecked steamer Maine, arrived in Washington from Havana.

An earthquake occurred at Upper Sandusky, O., and buildings were forcibly shaken, swaying like trees in a storm.

The government levee along the Kaskaski river near Mascoutah, Ill., broke, flooding some 10,000 acres of fine farming land.

Freight trains collided near Adairville, Ga., and Engineer E. S. Elliott was instantly killed and Engineer John McAdams was fatally injured.

The act for the relief of the sufferers by the Maine disaster has been approved by the president.

Capt. Charles D. Sigabee, of the Maine, has been detailed for duty as aid to the secretary of the navy.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt in San Francisco. Buildings were violently rocked and telephone and telegraph circuits were broken.

The senate committee on foreign relations has agreed to delay action on all Cuban questions now in its possession until after the president has had opportunity to conclude pending negotiations.

The steamship Utstein sailed from New Orleans for Matanzas, Cuba, loaded with 600 tons of provisions for the starving reconcentrados.

President McKinley informed congress that there would be definite action regarding Cuba in a day or two, and that he had cabled Minister Woodford that Spain must reply to his ultimatum at once, and that it will be useless to consider any plan that will not lead to ultimate independence.

The Ohio legislature has defeated a bill abolishing capital punishment.

The dam at Beardstown, Ill., broke and thousands of acres of farm land are inundated, causing great damage.

T. M. McBride, who is thought to have murdered the Lee family of four persons near Paint Rock, Tex., committed suicide.

The most severe storms ever known prevailed in the mountains east of Kalispell, Mont., with the thermometer 16 degrees below zero.

Preliminary steps have been inaugurated by the senate committee on foreign relations for the purchase of the Danish islands of the West Indies group.

The revenues of Iowa for the ensuing biennial period have been fixed by the state senate at \$3,100,000.

The legislature of New York state has appropriated \$1,000,000 for a contingent war fund.

Mrs. Robert Ford, of Conkling, Tenn., gave birth to four girls.

The earthquake in San Francisco damaged the Mare Island navy yard to the extent of \$150,000.

William Hillman shot and killed Birdie Spiegel in Marshall, Pa., because she refused to marry him, and then killed himself.

At the request of Gov. Tanner Brig. Gen. Wheeler, commanding the First brigade of the Illinois national guard, has resigned.

Spain's answer to the United States was received in Washington, but what it was has not been made public. It was believed that Spain had asked for delay and had made counter propositions to gain time.

The entire plant of the American Biscuit company was destroyed by fire in San Francisco, causing a loss of \$150,000.

Fifteen of the larger local banks in Boston have ceased to do business through the clearing house.

Alice Mitchell died in the insane asylum at Bolivar, Tenn. She became notorious by murdering Frieda Ward on January 25, 1893, in a fit of jealousy growing out of a perverted affection.

It is admitted in navy circles in Washington that the flying squadron will be ordered to Puerto Rico to hold the Spanish torpedo flotilla in check in the event of a crisis with Spain.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Anton L. Seidel, aged 48, the celebrated musical director, died suddenly in New York of poisoning, probably resulting from eating fish.

Mrs. Nancy Degraff Toll, relict of the late Phil R. Toll, died in Monroe, Mich., aged 101 years.

The fusionists in Kansas have nominated R. M. Veatch (dem.) for congress in the First district and C. M. Donaldson (silver rep.) in the Second district.

Illinois populists will hold their state convention in Springfield May 17.

Mrs. Rose Bunker died in St. Louis, aged 104 years.

Minnesota democrats will hold their convention in Minneapolis June 15.

Hon. James L. Wolcott, former chancellor of Delaware, died at his home in Dover, aged 56 years.

John P. St. John, of Kansas, the prohibition nominee for president in 1884, has renounced the cold water party and joined the populists.

FOREIGN.

The elections throughout Cuba were farcical in character. In one district, supposed to contain 2,000 voters, fewer than 60 ballots were cast.

The riot in the Yildiz palace barracks at Constantinople was caused by discovery of a plot to kill the sultan and in the conflict 100 men were killed.

Capt. Gen. Blanco reports that certain Americans in Havana are likely to foment anti-Spanish riots.

From San Juan, Porto Rico, comes word that the entire autonomist ministry has resigned.

Karditz and Tzortzis, who attempted to assassinate King George of Greece and his daughter, Princess Marie, on February 26, were both found guilty and sentenced to death.

Capt. Gen. Blanco has issued a decree revoking the reconcentration order in Havana, Matanzas, Pinar del Rio and Santa Clara, the four western provinces of Cuba.

The body of Engineer Merritt was recovered from the wreck of the Maine in Havana harbor.

Spanish soldiers have destroyed 94 farms, a sugar cane mill, a coffee plantation, some barracks and two hospitals in Cuba.

The court of appeals in Paris says that Emile Zola, sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment, shall not undergo any punishment.

Americans in Havana are leaving that city as fast as possible.

LATER.

Senator Quay (Pa.) offered a resolution in the United States senate on the 1st providing that the committee on foreign relations be and is hereby instructed to report on or before the 5th inst. a bill for the recognition of the republic of Cuba.

The opinion held in Washington by public men and diplomatists is that the crisis will reach its climax this week and that the question of war with Spain or peace will be determined within the next seven days.

The pope has sent an urgent message to the queen regent of Spain asking that the Cuban war be brought to an end in the interests of progress and Christianity.

In a duel at Waco, Tex., W. C. Brann, editor of the Iconoclast, and Capt. M. T. Davis killed each other.

Orders concentrating 50,000 troops in Florida have been prepared and will be issued by telegraph the instant hostilities are declared.

A boiler explosion near Campbelsville, Ky., killed four men outright and fatally hurt another.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st shows that the debt decreased \$1,387,865 during the month of March. The cash balance in the treasury was \$553,798,468.

A dispatch from Madrid says the Spanish torpedo boat flotilla has arrived at the island of Porto Rico.

Word comes from Madrid that Gen. Woodford, the American minister to Spain, is preparing to leave there in the event of a diplomatic rupture.

Prince Bismarck celebrated his eighty-third birthday at his home in Berlin.

Noah Raby, an inmate of the almshouse near New Brunswick, N. J., celebrated his one hundred and twenty-sixth birthday.

It is reported that a shanty boat sunk three miles above Mount Carmel, Ill., and a family consisting of five persons lost their lives.

At a cabinet meeting it was announced that Spain's answer to the ultimatum of this government was unsatisfactory, and a policy which seems certain to involve hostilities was decided upon. President McKinley will send a message to congress explaining the status of affairs and asking the cooperation of the legislative body in dealing with Spain.

M. Whrendorf, his three children and sister and brother-in-law, were drowned in the river near St. Francis, Ark., by the upsetting of a boat.

The state department has ordered all consuls in Cuba to repair at once to Havana, there to be in readiness for instant departure.

John Harris and his wife and child and two men named Hicks were drowned near Spottsville, Ky., by the capsizing of a boat.

Mrs. Mary Ann McBride (colored) died in Mount Carmel, Ill., aged 102 years.

The report that the Spanish torpedo flotilla had arrived at Porto Rico was untrue. The flotilla is at Cape Verde islands, where it will remain until further orders.

The Mexican government will prevent any raising of troops by Spaniards, as has been contemplated, along the frontier.

Mrs. Glover cut the throats of her six children at Hobart, B. C., and then drowned herself while temporarily insane.

Commodore Schley has notified the navy department that the flying squadron at Hampton Roads is ready to sail at an hour's notice.

Mrs. Louise Brewer, wife of Justice Brewer, of the United States supreme court, died at her home in Washington, aged 60 years.

The Missouri populists will hold their state convention in St. Louis on July 7. Shawneetown (Ill.) a place of 1,800 inhabitants, was practically wiped out of existence by the breaking of a levee, and it was reported that 250 persons were caught in the sudden flood and drowned.

Hundreds of officers were swept into the Ohio, clinging to the roofs of houses or floating on pieces of board. The flood extends four miles inland, and people were fleeing for their lives from all lowland hamlets.

HE HAS BECOME WEALTHY.

Has a Splendid Farm, Lots of Stock, and Pays But Little Taxes.

Dominion City, Manitoba, January 17th, 1898.

At the request of the Immigration Department of the Canadian Government, I give the following information:

I immigrated to Manitoba in October, 1892, from Luverne, Rock County, Minn., and took land in Dominion City, Manitoba, where I now reside.

I have been very successful in Manitoba, and have more than doubled my capital since I went to Canada. I took about \$2,500 worth of wheat, 200 bushels of flax and 600 bushels of oats; I do mixed farming.

I have no prejudice against the State of Minnesota, as I made a living and a little more while in the state, but would not take a farm as a gift in Minnesota and leave Manitoba. The taxation in Minnesota was too great.

P. S. Any person that may take exception to the foregoing letter will kindly investigate, for I can back every word it contains. I am not an Immigration Agent, nor the agent of any corporation, but simply a farmer.

The above letter was written at the request of C. W. Speers in the State of Minnesota, where I am at present with my wife, visiting my friends in my old home.

Having called upon Mr. Davies, of St. Paul, Minn., I was received with every courtesy and got some valuable information as well as literature pertaining to Western Canada.

We never have a very good opinion of a man to whom making an apology comes as easy as crying comes to a woman.—Atchison Globe.

No woman likes to wear a faded dress and no woman need do so if she buys Simpson's Prints, because no matter how much they are washed the colors remain bright till the goods are worn out.

Put a pain to sleep? St. Jacobs Oil does This with Sciatica. Torment cured.

Man was made to mourn, but he always thinks he can get out of it by marrying again.—Chicago Record.

While asleep, cured soreness, stiffness? All right, St. Jacobs Oil did it.

The gestures of a woman with pretty hands are always beautiful.—Washington Democrat.

Be sure; neuralgia will cease. St. Jacobs Oil—the cure. Get case.

Why don't girls employed in match factories get married sooner than other girls?—Chicago Daily News.

Blacker the spot surer the cure. Use St. Jacobs Oil for bruises.

No matter how good a checker player a man is, he won't admit that he plays much.—Washington Democrat.

Spring Medicine

A Good Blood Purifier a Necessity Now

Hood's Sarsaparilla Unequaled for Making Rich, Red Blood.

The necessity for taking a good Spring Medicine to purify the blood and build up the system is based upon natural and unavoidable causes. In cold weather there has been less perspiration and impurities have not passed out of the system as they should.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic. All druggists, etc.

Advertisement for Kemp's Balsam for the Cough Cure, featuring a bottle illustration and text: 'DO YOU COUGH? DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE'

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages.

Advertisement for 'FOR 14 CENTS' featuring a list of seeds and plants for sale, including 'Brilliant Flower Seeds' and 'Queen Victoria Lettuce'.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve is the only sure cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, White Swelling, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores.

Cheap Rates to the West and South. On April 5 and 19, the North-Western Line will sell Home Seekers' excursion tickets.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. Always plays the best attractions. April 3 Agnes Sorma, the celebrated German actress, in a repertoire of plays.

OVERWORKED WOMEN.

Letters to Mrs. Pinkham From Women Who Have Been Helped From Sickness or Health.

The ordinary every-day life of most of our women is a ceaseless treadmill of work. How much harder the daily tasks become when some derangement of the female organs makes every movement painful and keeps the nervous system unstrung!

The following letter from Mrs. WALTER S. BANTA, Sparkill, N. Y., tells the story of many women, and shows them how to get relief:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot thank you enough for all Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I wrote to you I had suffered for years with falling inflammation and ulceration of the womb; my back ached, and I was so much distressed I could scarcely walk.

"I have taken five bottles of your medicine and it has done wonders for me as all my friends can testify. I can now do my own work, and do not know how to express my gratitude to you for the good your medicine and advice have done me. I owe my life to Mrs. Pinkham."

Mrs. Pinkham's counsel offered free to all women who need advice about their health. Her address is Lynn, Mass. Mrs. P. H. HUTCHCROFT, Kelton, Iowa, tells here in her own words how Mrs. Pinkham helped her:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was in a very bad condition before I wrote to you and began the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did not know what to do. I suffered terribly every month, when on my feet would have such a bearing-down feeling, was very weak, womb was swollen, back ached, appetite was very poor, also had trouble with my head. I have taken several bottles of your Compound and cannot say enough in its favor. It helped more than all the doctors."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Women's Ills



AN EASTER SONG

EVERY face is beaming,
Every step is light,
All the world is beautiful
From merry morn till night.
The little streams are dancing
And flashing, just for fun,
And joyfully to meet the sea,
The mighty rivers run.

And twice ten thousand flowers,
And twice ten thousand more,
Are waking in the lonesome woods
And by the cottage door.
To count the Easter lilies
Is more than you or I
Can hope to do the long day through
How hard so'er we try.

Every face is beaming,
Every step is light,
For o'er the threshold Easter slipped
At waning of the night,
And little birds are singing
Like mad for joy of life,
And all the hours, in sun and showers,
With brimming joy are rife.

Uplift the songs of Easter,
Let none to-day be still,
When this great world is like a cup
That flowers overflow,
When blossoms deck the orchard,
And boughs are pink and white,
And winds go by, like wings that fly,
From merry morn till night.

Margaret E. Sangster, in Youth's Companion.

TWO EASTER BONNETS

"H. HENRY," said Mr. Montague's wife, as she came from the dining-room and quietly removed the paper he was reading from his hands "how long have you carried this letter in your pocket?"

"What letter?—that?—why, it only came yesterday. You can see the date that is stamped upon the envelope."

"Well, I didn't know. You are very careless—you know you are. That letter that came from auntie—"

"What about this other?" he skillfully interrupted. "It's from Jack, I see." He reached for his paper with a movement at once diplomatic and tentative.

"That's exactly what I came to tell you about. It's very thoughtful of him. I know, but—well, we'll see what you think. He writes," she said, consulting the letter, "I met your one-time admirer—'No, that isn't the part. Here it is, 'Mumbly, dear, I've got a scheme that's top notch. I want you to let me get you an Easter bonnet, here in the city. Some stunners in the shops—knock the spots off anything you can get in Mayfield. It begins to look as if I won't be able to get away from the college, and I'd like to have some sort of a share in the festive season there at home. Leave it to me, won't you, Mumbly?—and I'll rig you out on time in a crystallized dream.'"

"First, what does he mean by knocking off the spots?" she inquired. "I suppose that's just an expression of his, however. Now, what do you think?"

"I think it is," said Henry, who was looking furtively at his paper; "I guess that's it."

"Henry Montague, you haven't heard a word." She took the paper and put it behind her. "I meant what do you think of his plan?"

"Good scheme. Best I've heard of. Let him get the contraption there by all means. There—I refer to the bonnet, Fanny—don't feel hurt. I know they have some—well, some very unusual effects in the city. I think perhaps you'd avoid unpleasant complications, and have something new to Mayfield to wear. Yes, let him do it." And he reached for his paper—and failed to get it.

"I believe I will. Of course, I always like to select, but I said last year that I'd never, never trade at Miss Le Fevre's again. Just to think that her miserable mismanagement should have parted two such friends—but I was surprised at Helen—at Mrs. Kapuletto—to think she'd wear a bonnet that she must have known was mine, or at least not the one she had ordered."

"Did you wear hers?" said he, with an imitation yawn.

"Why, of course! Now, what a question! I had to wear something—I couldn't order another one then. Henry, you are positively foolish at times. I remember I said to Miss Le Fevre, when I picked it out—"

"Yes, I remember the story," interrupted her husband, consulting his watch and starting to arise.

"Well," said she, as she pushed him back gently to his seat, "you always for-

get that lavender and pink are positively hideous on me, and why in the world did Mrs. Kapuletto—couldn't she have managed to send my bonnet home when she found the mistake had been made—"

"Did she know it was yours?" asked Henry, beginning to be rather more indulously sarcastic than enthusiastic about this oft-repeated tale; "did she go along when you gave the order?"

"No; you know she didn't! I meant to give her a pleasant surprise—and that was her way of receiving my effort. Your questions are childish, Henry. She might have guessed that 'canary' was exactly my color—precisely what anyone with my taste and complexion would be sure to select—and Miss Le Fevre's girl—"

"There—there's Billings out at the gate. Good-by, my dear. Give Jack my love when you write—sorry he can't be up for Easter. Good-by." Mr. Montague clapped his hat on his head, saluted his wife, made a grab for his cane and departed.

Then Mrs. Montague sat down to think of the trials of that time, a little less than a year before. There never had been in the world, she thought, such a long and beautiful friendship as that between herself and Helen Kapuletto. To think that after having gone to the same identical school together—the best of chums—they were married the very same day—to travel in separate directions later, to be sure—and both had moved to Mayfield at last to live. Mrs. Montague recalled every detail of her order for that fatal Easter bonnet; exactly that delicate shade of yellow, and what the trimmings were—and everything. Then the changes she had ordered; the exasperating slowness and stupidity of Miss Le Fevre; the crazed despair, when, that Saturday night she returned so late from calling with Helen, to find that her bonnet had not yet arrived. And then that awful time on Easter morning, before the girl came weakly up the steps and handed in—the wrong bonnet—a bonnet she had never seen before—a horrid nightmare of a thing in lavender and pink, which she had to wear or stay at home—new blue silk and all.

She wouldn't have believed that Helen could have worn her own very bonnet—and with veiling over the yellow at that—and then be so hateful. She won-

"Just such a morning as this," said he, with a buoyancy in his voice, "that we went to the chapel—so many, and yet it seems so very few years ago. What a day that was! And what a lot of sunshine we have had ever since!"

"Oh, yes! And didn't the girls look pretty—and Helen—Mrs. Mrs. Kapuletto?"

"I'd call her Helen—wouldn't you, Fanny—to-day? Wasn't it odd that Helen should have been the one to introduce us? What a lively pair you used to make—you two!"

A glow had come in the cheek of Mrs. Montague and an extra brightness in her eyes. She felt a yearning toward the girl who had been her chums—the tall young lady who had found her mate—the matronly woman, whom long she had loved.

"I wish I could see the way," she mused aloud; "but I know she wouldn't meet—"

"What way, my dear?" said her husband, when she paused. "What do you know—about whom? Who wouldn't meet what?"

"I was just thinking what a lovely bonnet that is on that lady ahead!" She chatted along admiringly—as well she might, having really the prettiest bonnet on parade—but her undercurrent of thought was still of Helen, though she parried the questions of her husband with the lightest digressions.

Up the steps of the miniature cathedral the brilliant throng of Mayfield was swarming, faces turned—amid the gayety of dancing plumes and blooms that courted from bonnet to bonnet—to note what their neighbors had found or created to grace the happy occasion.

Within, as Mr. and Mrs. Montague walked calmly up the aisle, the organ was pealing exultantly, pouring forth its thousand voices of praise in an exuberant and swelling river of harmony, as if itself were the fountain of melodies divine.

They took their seats, and reached, like children, each for the hand of the other, to exchange a gentle pressure. No sooner had Mrs. Montague commenced a rapid survey of the congregation—in which her glance went fitting from one exotic to another, like a butterfly in clover—than she found herself, abruptly, looking in the face and at the

a pew together and sang from a single book.

Now began, in the breasts of two indulgent and admiring mothers, a conflict of emotions and a struggle so intense that music, sermon, songs and prayers, and all the people but themselves, were merged in a shadowy dream of unreality, to say no word of the puzzle in their brains. Then, to add to their fantasy of thought and to set them whirling in a wider field of conjecture, those "youngsters," making a show of arranging the overcoat of Jack, in their seat, at the end of a hymn, turned coyly about and smiled the gayest, most knowing of smiles in the wondering faces of their parents, doing first the honor to one and then with utter impartiality to the other.

The mothers were more than ever amazed; but not to say that each began to entertain suspicions of something unusual between their "children" would certainly be to do no justice at all to that other sense in woman, which is duly acknowledged under the explanation that all possess an intuitive faculty of "finding things out."

Slowly, very slowly, the face of Mrs. Montague came squarely around, unabashed, un-everything but quizzical. Likewise the countenance of Mrs. Kapuletto, innocent of everything but dumb though eloquent inquiry, turned deliberately about to that of her friend. Their glances met without a quiver; they scanned each other's expression for light on the mystery; then, playing through the eyes of each, came gleams of old-time merriment and sparks of mischief, and over the face of each a flush of color from the heart. In a second they were smiling in spite of all they could do, while the blossoms on their bonnets insisted on nodding and bobbing across the space intervening in a way that was nothing short of the veriest fellowship and sweet familiarity.

For Helen and Fanny the Easter service was a dream of music, smiling faces and weddings of the past and the future, but the whole was far too long. They would fain awake and peer the gulf between—and yet were vaguely in doubt to think of what they would say.

When at last, to the peals of a glorious postlude, the congregation turned to move to the door in calm procession, young Jack and the blushing Julia came tripping down the aisle in time to take their respective mothers by the arm and halt them face to face in the vestibule.

"We came from town to surprise you both," said Jack, "and—ahem—to—ask you for each other. I want Julia and Julia wants me, and it was for that reason we sent the bonnets."

And the bonnets, being twins, resisting each other no longer, came nearer and nearer together, till at length the nodding violets on either one leaned forward and commingled lovingly with those upon the other.—Ella Stirling Cummins, in American Queen.

The Old Easter Bonnets.

Don't make 'em like they use to—done killed with too much style;
Fixed up with buds an' ribbons 'till you'd know 'em half a mile!
They all look mighty fancy, in the big store windows hung;
But they're nothin' like the bonnets they wore when we was young!

How much completer—neater, and sweeter was the old—
Time bonnet coverin' rosy cheeks and ringlets black an' gold!
Plain—with no fixin's on it—with ribbons white an' blue—
But a kiss beneath that bonnet was as sweet as honey-dew!

Don't make 'em like they use to, yet the girls that wear 'em seem
Almost as lovely as the girls that made our boyhood's dream.
But still I sigh to see 'em in the big store windows hung;
For they're nothin' like the bonnets that they wore when we was young!
—Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

AFTERMATH.



Mrs. Cobwigger—I never think of visiting my milliner's for a month or so after Easter.

Mrs. Dorcas—Why so, my dear?
Mrs. Cobwigger—It really isn't a fit place for a woman, because the men are there swearing about their wives' bills.
—N. Y. World.

A Mind Diseased.

"My wife gave me a terrible shock last night."
"What was it?"
"I offered her money for an Easter bonnet, and she said she believed she would spend it on a new saddle for her wheel."
—Detroit Free Press.

PRECISE REPRODUCTIONS—EACH OF THE OTHER.

dered vaguely if they ever would speak to each other again. No, she didn't believe they would; she didn't believe that Helen was half so ready to forget and forgive as she. Well, she would just let Jack get the bonnet in the city this year, and let the people of Mayfield stare if they wished.

So at length she arose and went to her desk to write to her grown-up "boy." In the course of time, and several days before Easter, the bonnet from the great metropolis arrived along with a note from Jack deploring the fact that he could not have carried it home in person. It was really a jewel, a dainty creation of airy, graceful feathers on a moss-green frame and subdued with violets that were poised with an exquisite grace, where they nodded and smiled and seemed to be tossing the sweetest of perfume kisses to all who were gracious enough to behold.

But Easter morning! Ah, how it brightly outjeweled all others of the year. The sun shone warmly from a flawless sky of turquoise hue; the trees wore freshest, fairest emerald leaves, or pearl and ruby blossoms; the grass was asparkle with diamond dew, and the birds were chorusing in anthems as clear and sweet as the crystal tinkle, tinkle rung from pebbles by the brook.

Mr. and Mrs. Montague not only were in harmony with all the scene, but were really a part and parcel of it, as, with faces gay with smiles, they slowly walked the way to church. The bells had never sounded half so musical and liquid bright—that is, except on one occasion, to which, indeed, Mr. Montague was moved now to allude.

bonnet of Mrs. Kapuletto. And Helen in return was looking at her and hers, and the gaze of each was suddenly held, transfixed.

Well might the old-time friends open eyes of amazement—their bonnets were counterparts—precise reproductions—each of the other; the same moss green, the same spray of feathers, airy and filmy, the same mass of violets, nodding and smiling and tossing their perfume kisses across the aisle and seats of the chancel.

Both in confusion at last were glad to divert their eyes to the hymn books, held below the pews; but neither was reading, nor praying, nor seeing a thing but the twin of her bonnet, and wondering with might and main how this singular duplication had been made possible.

Mrs. Kapuletto was guilty of stealing a "peek" from the sides of her eyes. Mrs. Montague was timidly attempting a similar sortie. The glances met and fell again to the books. The service commenced, but nothing was heard or observed, except in a dim, uncertain, mechanical manner, by the two. They were quite enough engrossed with attempts to flank the enemy.

In the midst of the battle of glances, which had gone so far that each was now feeling singularly humorous and amused, their gaze was focused on a striking pair of tall young people gliding silently by and up the aisle side by side.

They were Julia Kapuletto, the daughter of Helen, and John Henry Montague, the son of Fanny. And they sat in

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE

Proceedings of the Extra Session of the Thirty-Ninth Assembly.

Lansing, Mich., March 29.—No business was transacted in the senate yesterday.
Lansing, Mich., March 30.—No business was transacted in the senate yesterday.
Lansing, Mich., March 31.—In the senate yesterday the matter of unseating Senator Hughes, a Pingree silver man, was indefinitely postponed. There was a very warm discussion over a resolution declaring it time for congress to demand from the president a vigorous policy and redress for the Maine disaster, and the independence of Cuba. It finally went to the military committee.

Lansing, Mich., April 1.—Senator Forsyth made an attack on Gov. Pingree in a speech in the senate yesterday. He declared that the executive had been tricking the farmers, and if his tax bill were passed without supplementary legislation the farmers and shippers would be forced to pay the increase in the increased freight rates. Senator Forsyth charged that because of Gov. Pingree's unfair teachings during the last two years legislators must either vote blind on whatever bill the executive submitted or be adjudged corruptists by the public. He offered a resolution asking the governor to submit a message providing for a commission to equalize freight rates, but the senate sent it to a committee. A concurrent resolution was passed expressing confidence in the Cuban policy of President McKinley as calm, prudent and patriotic, and congratulating congress upon its unanimity and courageous action in passing the emergency war measure. Adjourned to the 6th.

Lansing, Mich., March 29.—A bill was introduced in the house yesterday providing that the state board of equalization, consisting of the lieutenant governor, land commissioner, auditor-general, state treasurer and secretary of state, shall fix the valuation of railroad property and levy an annual assessment thereon of three-fourths of one per cent. The bill exempts all roads operating and to be built north of the forty-fourth degree of latitude, the object being to encourage the development of the northern part of the state.

Lansing, Mich., March 30.—Arguments for and against the railway tax bill took up the time in the house yesterday.

Lansing, Mich., March 31.—By a unanimous vote the house yesterday requested Gov. Pingree to advise by special message the enactment of laws made necessary by yesterday's decision of the supreme court declaring void thousands of tax titles. The resolution declares that the state will be unable to collect taxes on at least 100,000 descriptions of land, that the money consideration involved is between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000, and that thousands of homesteaders on state-tax lands are in danger of losing both their lands and improvements thereon. Mr. Sawyer introduced a resolution, which was passed, asking the governor to send a message to the legislature authorizing action upon the subject of general taxation. "The governor," said Mr. Sawyer, "has called attention to the necessity for legislation increasing the taxation of railroad, telephone, telegraph and express companies, but these are not the only companies which are escaping their share of the public burdens. If the legislature is to do exact justice to all it should tax every person, firm or corporation equally. There can be no reason why all matters pertaining to the subject of taxation should not be considered."

Lansing, Mich., April 1.—In the house yesterday the Pingree tax bill was amended so as to provide for a provisional board of assessors to consist of state officers and to serve until next January. The board is to be succeeded by a permanent board consisting of the auditor-general and two members to be elected in November. The board is to assess the property of railroad, express, telegraph and telephone companies. The Cuban policy of President McKinley was indorsed.

Lansing, Mich., April 2.—The Pingree railroad tax bill passed the house yesterday by a vote of 90 to 8 after being amended so as to deprive the governor of the privilege of naming the assessors, those officials being made elective. As passed it simply provides for a commission to appraise railroad property for taxation. The auditor-general of the state is chairman, and the two others are to be elected on the general ticket, although the auditor-general, secretary of state, land commissioner and state treasurer constitute the commission until January 1, 1899.

BIG CUBAN VICTORY.

Gen. Pando Loses Over 1,000 Men in Seven Days of Hard Fighting.

Havana, April 4.—Gen. Pando has been badly defeated by the Cubans, during seven days of constant fighting in Puerto Principe, and compelled to retreat from Ciego de Avila to Vertientes, on the southern coast of that province. At Vertientes he sought the protection of the forts and of the Spanish gunboats, which, opening fire upon the pursuing forces of the Cubans, were able to save Gen. Pando's column from utter destruction. Gen. Pando started from Puerto Principe three weeks ago, to endeavor, with the combined forces of Gen. Castellanos, to attack the Cuban government if his peace proposals, on the basis of autonomy, were rejected by the patriots. The proposals were rejected, and he began his military operations with a column of 8,000 men, while Gen. Castellanos had 6,000 and Gen. Luque, at Puerto Padre, 5,000 men. With these 19,000 regulars Pando thought it would be an easy task to defeat the insurgents, but the result was that Castellanos had to retreat to Puerto Principe city, Luque to Puerto Padre, and now Pando himself to Vertientes, after having lost over 1,000 men in the three columns.

NOT SOLD TO SPAIN.

That Country Has Not Secured the Italian Armored Cruiser Cairo Alberto.

Rome, April 4.—The report that the eration and consultation with his official advisers, he has determined to put aside all but the most important matters until the message has been put in shape for submission to the national legislature. With this end in view he denied himself to a long line of callers Saturday, but saw quite a number of persons whose knowledge and experience might be of service to him in his task.

THIS WEEK

AT FREEMAN'S

Fancy New Maple Sugar 11 cents.
Large, Sweet, Naval Oranges, 20 cents per dozen.
Fresh, Crisp, Hot House Lettuce, 15 cents, per pound.
Large, Ripe Bananas, 20 cents per dozen.
Cold, Boiled Ham, 20 cents per pound.
Extra Spiced Pickles, 8 cents per dozen.
Crisp, Tender, Sweet Pickles, 8 cents per dozen.
Best Values in Coffees, Teas, Smoked Meats, Canned Goods and Cereal Products.

FREEMAN'S.

Spring Millinery.

We have received a full line of New Spring Goods, and cordially invite the ladies of this vicinity to call and inspect the same.

Grand Display of Elegantly Trimmed Hats.

Miller Sisters.

J. J. Raftrey, The Tailor.

To close out a lot of short ends for odd vests and knee pants, we shall offer them so you can make them yourself and save half the price and get better values.

Also a large line of heavy overcoats, suits and pants to be closed out to make room for new Spring goods that will arrive this month. Come early and get the bargains. A little money get a big bargain.

J. J. RAFTREY, The Tailor.

Chelsea, Michigan.

CALL

At the new Repair Shop and get prices on new handmade Road Carts, Road Wagons, Lumber Wagons and Buggies.

SYRACUSE Plows, Drags and Cultivators at FAIST & HIRTH'S.

H. L. WOOD & CO.

Having purchased the grocery stock of Geo. Fuller, I shall continue the business at the same stand, and solicit a share of your patronage.

You Like to Deal

At a grocery house where things look neat and clean; where clerks are polite and obliging; where deliveries are made on time; above all where you know you are getting the best in the market at the fairest of prices. That's the sort of house we keep. Call and be sure of it.

Garden and Field Seeds.

That will grow. We sell them. Baled Hay and Straw. Feed and Oil Meal always on hand.

H. L. WOOD & CO.

What You Should Eat

Is the question that is agitating the minds of our great physicians.

We Can Tell You!

Eat some of those nice fresh Steaks from our market. We will deliver them for you. We can give you meats for boiling, frying, roasts, etc., that will make your mouth water.

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior.

TERMS—CASH.

ADAM EPPLER.

Echoes of the Week.

Pithy Pickings Pointedly Put for Quick Reading.

Through the Condenser This Grist Has Gone, and Is Served Up for Herald Readers in Succulent Style.

Next Monday is Military Day.

Joseph Schatz is on the sick list. Mr. Thomas Young, Sr., of Lyndon, is very ill.

Miss Mable Gillam was a Jackson visitor Friday.

Miss Sattie Speer spent Sunday in Jackson with friends.

W. D. Arnold is laid up with inflammatory rheumatism.

Mrs. J. H. Runciman visited relatives in Jackson this week.

B. B. Turnbull was a Detroit visitor Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Edie Boyd, of Ann Arbor, spent a few days this week at home.

The Sylvan Union Sunday school will give an Easter concert April 10.

Miss Sarah Conlan is visiting relatives and friends in Detroit this week.

Louis LaDuke, of Detroit, spent Thursday with Mr and Mrs. N. E. Freer.

Eva and Louis Wilkins left for Detroit today to make their home in that city.

A class of 17 children were confirmed at Bethel church, Freedom, last Sunday.

Miss Garnett Briggs, of Jackson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frey this week.

Miss Irene Birch, of Bunker Hill, Mich. visited Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Graham, last week.

John Bagge has removed to Chelsea and now occupies the Lydal house on west Middle street.

Mrs. Bogardus and two daughters of Jackson, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frey last week.

William Treadwell, of the Agricultural College, Lansing, visited his sister, Mrs. N. E. Freer, Wednesday.

G. W. Turnbull's front gate has strayed away, any boy catching it and driving it in will be paid for his services.

The Epworth League will hold a business meeting in the E. L. room, at the Methodist church next Friday evening.

A large delegation from this place attended the Epworth League convention, held at Jackson the latter part of last week.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Mr. Ignatius Howe and Miss Anna Klein at St. Mary's church, Chelsea, Tuesday, April 12, 1898, at 9 a. m.

George A. Parker, of Lima, has purchased the Case property in Scio and moved thereon. His brother, Charles has moved on the farm thus vacated.

The Misses Cathrine Harr and Carrie McClaskie returned home Saturday from Saginaw where they have been attending the convention of the Y. P. S. C. E. convention.

Mrs. James Cunningham has returned home after an absence of eight weeks, spent between Sandusky and Toledo, where she has been attending the funerals of two brother-in-laws.

Mr. Thos. Morse and family wish to thank their kind friends and neighbors for their assistance during the illness of their wife and mother; also the choir for music furnished at the funeral.

Go to the corner barber shop for first-class work. Close attention to hair cutting. Ladies' shampooing and children's hair cutting a specialty. Razors honed and shears sharpened in first-class shape.

Special services in St. Mary's church on Good Friday, April 8th at 7:30 p. m. The Way of the Cross will be given and the Miserere sung. The offerings of the congregation on this day will be devoted to the Holy Land.

Died, at her home in Lima, March 31, 1898, Mrs. Emma M. Morse, aged 59 years. The funeral was held Sunday forenoon from the house, Rev. Klingman, officiating. Deceased leaves a husband and three children.

The Miller Sisters had their spring opening for trimmed hats last Friday and Saturday, and their store was thronged from morning until late at night both days. They had their store decorated in handsome style.

Miss M. Ellen Clarken has played with the Detroit Ladies' Orchestra most of last winter. Miss MacMonagle's name always draws a packed house at Ann Arbor and M. Britten is well known as a comic singer. "Seeing is believing." Come and see for yourself at the Opera House tonight at 8 o'clock.

Mary, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Emmer, died last Sunday morning April 8, and was buried from St. Mary's church, on Monday morning, the Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Emmer have the sympathy of many friends in the death of their beloved daughter. The interment was at Brooklyn Mich.

Lecture course and concert, under the auspices of the Epworth League, at M. E. church, beginning April 13. Lecture, by Rev. H. W. Hicks, subject, "Character." April 20, Rev. E. W. Ryan, D. D., subject, "Our Boys and what to do with them." April 27, Rev. E. E. Casler, D. D., "subject, Bethlehem, Jordan and the Dead Sea." May 4, Rev. J. I. Nickerson, Subject, "Success." May 11, Grand Concert. Season ticket, 50 cents.

It Carried.

The question of municipal ownership, voted on at the special election last Friday, carried by a large majority. The following is the vote on each separate question:

Shall the Village of Chelsea borrow twenty-three thousand dollars to be used exclusively in the purchase of Water Works plant. Yes—341. No 81.

Shall the Village of Chelsea borrow twenty thousand dollars, to be used exclusively in the purchase of Electric Light Plant, Yes—333. No 81.

Auction.

Having leased my farm for a term of years, I will sell at public auction on the premises, 1/2 mile north east of Chelsea, on Thursday, April 14, 1898, commencing at 1 p. m., the following property:

Three horses: One 5-year-old gelding, weight 1500, sound and right every way. One 7-year old gelding sound and ready for business. One brown mare 8 years old. Eight head of cattle: Three Durham cows, two coming in the last of April and one new milch last winter. Four fall calves, good ones. One stock hog.

One Champion Binder, one Buckeye mower, two wide-tire wagons, one new Studebaker wagon, one two-seated platform buggy, three single buggies, two wheel cultivators, one floating spring tooth harrow, two good 40 tooth drags, one horse cultivator, one fanning mill, one corn sheller, two Gale plows, one horse rake, one hay tedder, forks, hoes, chains, etc., together with a quantity of household furniture.

THOMAS S. SEARS.

GEO. E. DAVIS, salesman.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

Julius A. Bowden, Detroit, filter. Jos. L. Cox, Battle Creek, Rotary flat bed press. Herbert Eidson, Berrien Springs, Mich., lock. Geo. E. Heaton, Three Rivers, railway velocipede and driving mechanism.

Chas. M. Lamb, Adrian, wire fence implement. Albert Rothrock, Jackson, pressing and ironing board and stand. Jno. J. Rutgers, Holland, Pneumatic shoe form or last.

Howard B. Sherman, Battle Creek pipe coupling. Arthur J. Sweet, Ypsilanti, track drill. Ward C. Walker, Athens lifting jack. Phillip F. Wells, Milford, Cultivator.

For copy of any patent send 6 cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Mar. 14, 1898:

C. F. Conch.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

The Bachelor Girl.

"She is wise in one respect, is this bachelor girl," Ruth Ashmore writes in the April Ladies' Home Journal. "She has learned the art of gathering years gracefully. She appreciates, as she loses her youth, that she must pay more regard to her appearance, and that in life's picture she must always be a figure that looks well. Here the bachelor girl rises superior to the maid, for with all the old maid's gentleness she was a bit inclined toward dowdiness. The bachelor girl impresses you, when you meet her, with her naturalness. Perhaps, as you grow to know her you may wish that her natural manner did not tend toward brusqueness; but at least she is truthful. She is a woman of business, and she is gradually learning that to succeed, alike in business and in society, she must follow the example of her brother and not carry her workaday worries or joys into her social life. She must learn the art of being a stub or a butterfly as time and place demand. She is fond of pleasure, and being healthy and happy she is kind and charitable."

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Glazier & Stinson, Druggists.



LASTING—

Lewis Shoes have a great many good points—strength, style, beauty—but their fame is largely due to their lasting qualities; that is why they are called

J. B. LEWIS CO'S "Wear Resisters"

For men, women and children. Look for the name "Lewis" on every shoe. Made only by the J. B. LEWIS CO., Boston, Mass.

LEWIS "WEAR RESISTERS"

Are for sale by

H. S. HOLMES MEEC. CO.

S. G. Bush,

Physician and Surgeon

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite Methodist church.

G. W. Palmer

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

G. E. HATHAWAY,

(GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY)

A new preparation for extracting that does not contain Cocaine because any of the bad results liable to follow the use of this drug.

Gas administered when desired.

Office over Bank Drug Store.

H. W. SCHMIDT

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 a. m. 2 to 5.

DENTISTRY

in all its branches done in a very careful manner and as reasonable as first class work can be done. Crown and bridge work adjusted so as to be very useful. Where this cannot be used we make different kinds of plates—gold, silver, platinum, Watts metal and rubber. Special care given to children's teeth. Both general and local anesthetic used in extracting. Am here to stay. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bros' Bank.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge

No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1898:

Jan. 4; Feb. 1; Mar. 8; April

May 3; May 31; June 28; July 9

Aug 30; Sept. 27; Oct. 25; Nov. 8

annual meeting and election

officers Dec. 27.

J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 21st, 1897.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station follows:

GOING EAST.

No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:30 A.

No 26—Atlantic Express... 7:00 A.

No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A.

No 4—Mail and Express... 3:15 P.

GOING WEST.

No 3—Mail and Express... 10:00 A.

No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:30 P.

No 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 P.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

We always do as we advertise; oftentimes more

H. S. Holmes Merc. Co.

The much advertised Pingree & Smith "Composite" Shoe for Ladies, we have in black or tan, kid or cloth top, laced or button, all widths and sizes, in fact a complete line, every pair warranted and sells at \$3.00.

One trial of this shoe will make a "Composite" customer of you. We are also showing a very similar shoe made in the East; very serviceable, as good style as the "Composite," black or tan for \$2.50

Special Sale of Ladies' Wrappers.

We shall close out every Ladies' Wrapper in our stock at once. We offer:
 Best blue Wrapper, all sizes for 56 cents.
 Best Fancy Wrappers, all sizes, regular \$1.00 and \$1.19 quality now 79 cents.
 Best Wrappers in our stock, were \$1.30, \$1.50 and \$1.75 now \$1.10
 Ask for these at once, as quantity is limited and we shall get in no new wrappers at these prices.
 Good linen Crasin worth 7 cents now 4 1/2 cents or 6 yards for 25 cents.
 Fancy check Crasin worth 9 cents now 5 cents.
 Best Pinks, Blues, Blacks, Browns, etc., for 5 cents
 Remnants best Gingham worth 8 cents now 6 cents.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Batterick Patterns for April now on Sale.

Millinery!

SPRING 1898.

Miss Maroney's millinery parlors over Holmes' store are like a

Bower of Beauty

It is the place to select your Spring Hat, and a call will convince you. A call is invited.

Nellie C. Maroney.

Parlors over Holmes' store.

The New Palace Bakery.

THOSE MAMMOTH LOAVES OF

Home-made Bread,

At Palace Bakery, were made from flour ground at the Chelsea Mill since the late improvements.

Try our Cream Puffs every Saturday.

All kinds of Bread reduced to 4c per loaf.

J. N. MERCHANT.

TRY OUR

Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon.

ALSO OUR

Corned Beef and Salt Pork.

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Justice Michigan Supreme Court.

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Township Proceedings.

To the electors of the Township of Sylvan: In compliance with the resolution passed at the Township meeting held on April 5th, 1897, we take pleasure in submitting the following report as shown by the Treasurer's books to date, showing the amount received and paid out of each fund, as follows:

CONTINGENT FUND.
 Received from F. W. Roedel, Treasurer \$ 343 31
 Received from taxes as per roll 1898 1 677 69
 Borrowed from Poor fund 100 00

Total \$2 121 00

The following orders were paid:

A. W. Wilkinson	\$ 8 00
Mich. Bell Telephone Co.	1 80
Geo. P. Staffan	4 00
Geo. A. BeGole	4 00
Harry Shaver	4 00
Thos. McKune	4 00
Thos Jackson	4 00
Chelsea Savings Bank	28 00
A. Allison	5 50
Glazier & Stimpson	8 11
Ed McKune	13 05
Ed. McKune	4 00
Sam Trouten	3 00
H. Lighthall	2 00
Michael Wackenbut	13 00
John Cook	6 00
John Cook	8 00
G. W. TurnBull	8 00
G. W. TurnBull	12 00
C. W. Maroney	8 00
B. Parker	2 00
J. Bacon	2 00
Geo. Ward	3 50
Fred Roedel	35 00
A. Allison	3 00
F. Staffan	8 00
E. A. Ward	14 00
J. N. Dancer	6 11
H. Lighthall	100 00
B. Parker	8 25
John Cook	6 00
Sam Mohrlock	1 90
Sam Mohrlock	1 90
John Fay	5 00
Ihling Bros.	13 10
Glazier Stove Company	41 22
Glazier Stove Company	2 08
Geo. W. Palmer	110 30
J. E. McKune	25 00
G. J. Crowell	26 25
Joseph Sibley	2 07
Claims for damages received on highway	245 26
Adam Kalmbach	38 50
Schuyler Foster	6 00
J. N. Dancer	45 00
B. F. Tuttle	2 10
John Geddes	14 73
Wm. Drake	25 38
Schuyler Fester	15 15
J. E. McKune	14 18
H. Lighthall	101 67
John Cook	4 06
William Bacon	70 24
G. J. Crowell	18 20
John Cook	4 14
H. Lighthall	103 18
Herman Schaible	8 30
John Cook	13 51
John A. Palmer	18 24
J. E. McKune	104 17
O. T. Hoover	8 36
J. E. McKune	5 25
A. W. Wilkinson	6 23
B. B. TurnBull	15 52
Charles Currier	14 90
Keupf & Co.	88 08
B. TurnBull	2 00
E. A. Ward	11 20
E. A. Ward	4 07
Geo. W. TurnBull	4 00
County Treasurer rejected tax	4 87
County Treasurer town tax returned	11 88
County Treasurer's School tax returned	27 48
George Fuller personal taxes uncollected	1 33
C. J. Chandler & Co, 50 per cent	16 54
Electric Light and Water Works Company	30 80
Chelsea Savings Bank	423 33
Balance in fund	\$2098 68
	\$2121 00

HIGHWAY FUND.
 Received from taxes as per roll \$585 00
 Received from work returned 8 50

Amount paid out:
 F. W. Roedel, Treas. over draft \$158 31
 A. W. Wilkinson 4 00
 Martin Merkel 1 50
 J. N. Dancer 3 00
 H. Mohrlock 3 75
 M. Merkel 5 00
 M. Merkel 3 50
 Wm. Ludlow 1 00
 Wm. Ludlow 4 06
 Wm. Ludlow 2 55
 Wm. Ludlow 9 04
 A. Young 2 07
 John Roe 13 12
 Fred Seger 4 40
 A. Allison 1 00
 H. Dancer 7 02

John Burns	10 15
J. Dancer	2 50
H. Hadley	7 68
S. Guthrie	8 83
P. Smith	12 10
W. H. Bahnmiller	2 00
O. Hoppe	2 50
Jake Eder	3 15
D. J. Spalding	4 04
P. C. Depew	1 26
W. S. Davidson	8 80
A. L. Baldwin	4 10
Kempf & Co.	156 26
P. Oesterle	2 00
P. Smith	1 53
J. Miller	17 50
W. D. Ludlow	6 00
H. Dancer	3 00
H. Fahrner	6 00
A. Young	4 65
W. J. Knapp	1 86
J. Burns	3 50
D. Corey	2 00
Mrs. Congdon	2 40
N. Kellog	4 55
D. Heim	7 77
S. Mohrlock	3 96
H. Beckwith	1 25
C. Young	2 50
John Webber	11 86
A. Guthrie	5 00
F. H. Sweetland	8 50
Thos. Leach	2 50
F. Gilbert	1 50
J. K-e-l-a-n	5 00
J. Lingane	3 50
F. Fahrner	1 50
J. N. Dancer	10 00
John Miller	11 13
James Beckwith	3 50
Thos. Wilkinson	11 25
Wm. Long	10 06
Total	\$605 42

POOR FUND.
 Received from Fred Rhodel Ex. Treasurer. \$112 49
 Received from Sharon Township 86 72
 Received from Tax roll 1898 250 00

Total amount of orders paid 449 21
 Balance \$237 50

Whole number of families furnished relief fifteen.
 Average number in each family, four.
 Total sixty persons.
 Average amount to each family about \$14 00
 Average amount to each person, about \$3 50.

WOOD CHUCK, CROW AND HAWK FUND.
 Amount received from Tax roll 1898. \$150 00.

Orders paid out:
 Fred Roedel, Ex-treasurer over draft 4 16
 Paid 156 orders amounting to 147 70

Fund overdrawn \$151 86
 Outstanding orders, 61, value 70 00

DOV FUND.
 Received from F. Roedel, ex. Treas. 74 00
 Received from Tax roll 1897 97 00

Paid orders as follows:
 J. Adam Goetz 16 00
 Hester Drake 12 00
 Mrs. J. O'Connors 28 00
 Peter Merkel 10 00
 Martin Merkel 6 00
 John Roe 3 00
 Christ Kalmbach 5 58
 Fred Kalmbach 6 51
 Albert Guthrie 32 55
 Henry Hadley 8 37
 James Guthrie 11 16
 Adam Goetz 5 58
 William Laird 26 25

Total \$171 00

TOWN HALL FUND.
 Amount received from all sources \$164 75

Amount paid out as follows:
 Printing and pasting bills \$ 2 00
 For use of bill board 2 00
 Geo. Ward, janitor work 10 00
 Lisence 2 00
 For bill board 2 00
 For Pasting bills 2 00
 Printing 1 00
 Geo. Ward, janitor 10 00
 R. Thatcher 5 00
 Repainting scenery 5 50
 Electric light and fuel 60 00
 Geo. Ward, janitor 5 00
 Town Treasurer, 20 00
 Amt. due Electric Light Co. 16 00
 Amt. due Geo. Ward 5 50
 Amount uncollected 10 00
 Amount in hands of Supervisor 5 25

Total \$161 75

(Signed) H. LIGHTHALL, Supervisor.

Balance in the hands of Treasurer:
 In the Contingent fund \$27 32
 In School District No. 2 10
 In School District No. 4 61 15
 In School District No. 11 105 01
 In Library fund 8 36
 In Poor fund 122 00
 In Town Hall fund 30 08
 In Goose Lake Ditch fund 3 87

Total \$360 89

Highway fund overdraft \$33 93
 Wood Chuck, Crow and Hawk 1 86

Total \$395 78

Balance in hands of Treasurer \$394 81



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 OFF. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

IT WAS A MINE

The Maine Court of Inquiry So Reports to the President.

SPAIN IS NOT MENTIONED

Captain Sigsbee and the Vessel's Crew Are Completely Exonerated.

THE PLATES BENT UPWARDS

President's Message to Congress Does Not Mention Possibility of War.

Transmits the Report to Congress with No Startling Statement as to His Intention—Asks for Deliberate Consideration.

Washington, March 29.—The president Monday sent the following message to congress:
To the Congress of the United States:
For some time prior to the visit of the Maine in Havana harbor our consular representatives pointed out the advantages to

who were not killed outright by her explosion being panned between decks by the tangle of wreckage and drowned by the immediate sinking of the hull. Prompt assistance was rendered by the neighboring vessels anchored in the harbor, and being especially given by the boats of the Spanish cruiser Alphonso XIII and the Ward line steamer City of Washington, which lay not far distant. The wounded were generously cared for by the authorities of Havana, the hospitals being freely opened to them, while the earliest recovered bodies of the dead were interred by the municipality in a public cemetery in the city. Tributes of grief and sympathy were offered from all official quarters of the island.

Caused Intense Excitement.
The appalling calamity fell upon the people of our country with crushing force and for a brief time an intense excitement prevailed, which in a community less just and self-controlled than ours might have led to hasty acts of blind resentment. This spirit, however, soon gave way to the calmer processes of reason and to the resolve to investigate the facts and await the material proof before forming a judgment as to the cause, the responsibility and, if the facts warranted, the remedy due. This course necessarily recommended itself from the outset to the executive, for only in the light of a dispassionately ascertained certainty could it determine the nature and measure of its full duty in the matter.

The usual procedure was followed, as in all cases of casualty or disaster to national vessels of any maritime state. A naval court of inquiry was at once organized, composed of officers well qualified by rank and practical experience to discharge the onerous duty imposed upon them. Aided by a strong force of wreckers and divers the court proceeded to make a thorough investigation on the spot, employing every available means for the impartial and exact determination of the causes of the explosion. Its operations have been conducted with the utmost deliberation and judgment, and while independently pursued no source of information was neglected and the fullest opportunity was allowed for a simultaneous investigation by the Spanish authorities.

The Finding of the Court.
The finding of the court of inquiry was reached, after 23 days of continuous labor, on the 21st of March inst., and having been approved on the 22d by the commander in chief of the United States naval

doubled back upon itself against the continuation of the same plating extending forward from the vertical keel is broken in two and the keel bent into an angle singular to the angle formed for the outside plates. This break is about six feet below the surface of the water and about 30 feet above its normal position.

"In the opinion of the court this effect could have been produced only by the explosion of a mine situated under the bottom of the ship, at about frame 13 and somewhat on the port side of the ship."

Conclusions of the Court.
The conclusions of the court are:
That the loss of the Maine was not in any respect due to fault or negligence on the part of any of the officers or members of her crew.

That the ship was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine, which caused the partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines; and

That no evidence has been obtainable fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons.

I have directed that the finding of the court of inquiry and the views of this government thereon be communicated to the government of her majesty, the queen, and I do not permit myself to doubt that the sense of justice of the Spanish nation will dictate a course of action suggested by honor and the friendly relations of the two governments.

It was the duty of the executive to advise the congress of the result, and in the meantime deliberate consideration is invoked.

(Signed) WILLIAM M'KINLEY,
Executive Mansion, March 28, 1898.

THE COURT'S REPORT.

Statements of Capt. Sampson and His Associates Based on Testimony Taken.

The following is the full text of the report of the court of inquiry:
United States Steamship Iowa, First Rate.—Key West, Fla., Monday, March 21, 1898.—After full and mature consideration of all the testimony before it, the court finds as follows:
1. That the United States battleship Maine arrived in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, on the 25th day of January, 1898, and was taken to buoy No. 4, in from five and a half to six

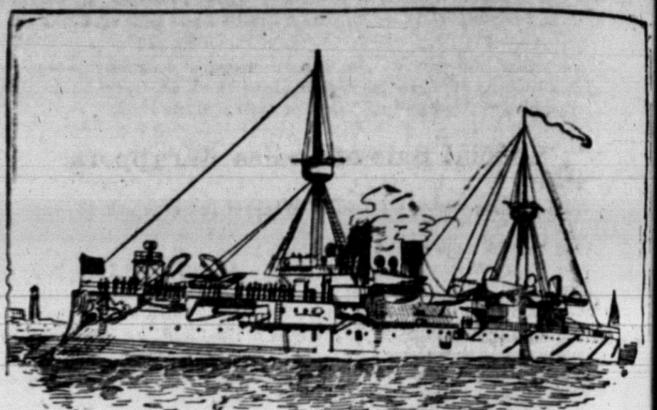
stowed below in any of the other store rooms.

Coal Bunkers Inspected.
The coal bunkers were inspected. Of those bunkers adjoining the forward magazine and shell rooms four were empty, namely B 3, B 4, B 5 and B 6. A 15 had been in use that day, and A 15 was full of New River coal. This coal had been carefully inspected before receiving it on

was blown up aft and slightly over to starboard, folding the forward part of the middle superstructure over and on top of the after part.

This was, in the opinion of the court, caused by the partial explosion of two or more of the forward magazines of the Maine.

Plates Forced Up.
5. At frame 17, the outer shell of the ship,



THE MAINE IN HAVANA HARBOR.

board. The bunker in which it was stowed was accessible on three sides at all times, and the fourth side at this time on account of bunkers B 4 and B 6 being empty. This bunker, A 15, had been inspected that day by the engineer officer on duty.

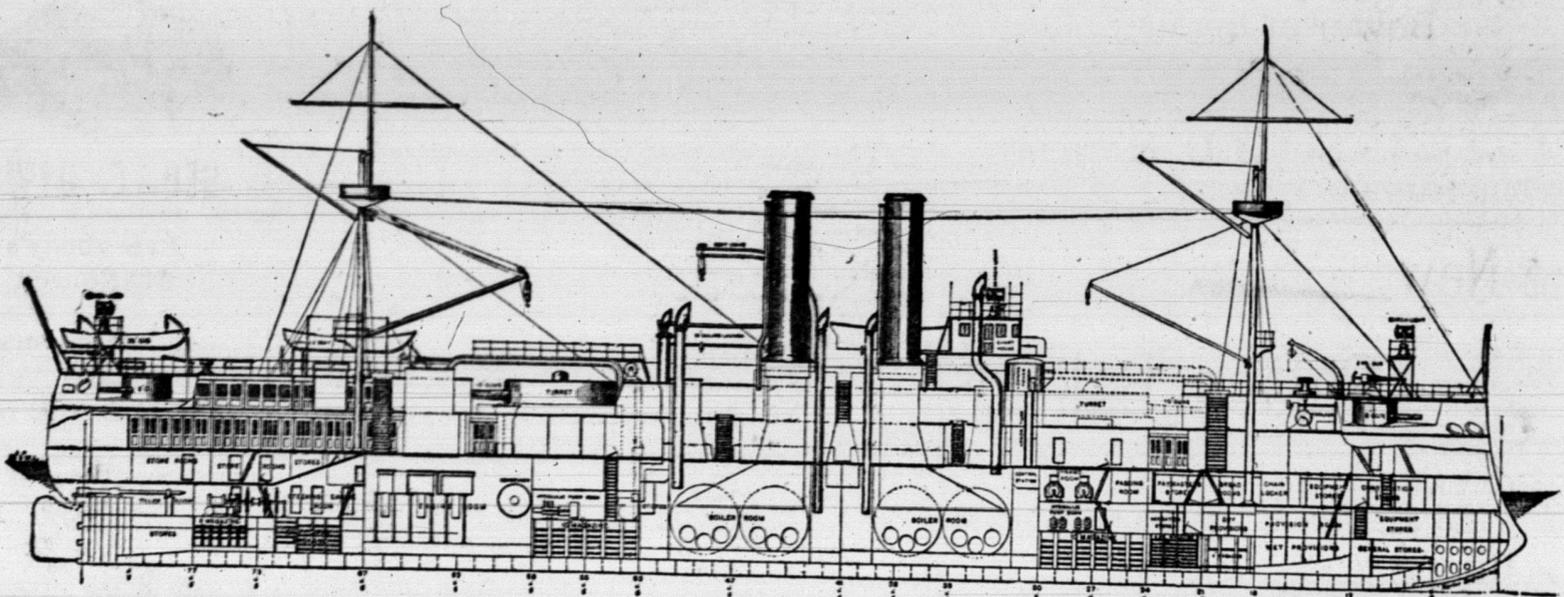
The fire alarms in the bunkers were in working order, and there had never been a case of spontaneous combustion of coal on board the Maine.

After Boilers Only in Use.
The two after boilers of the ship were in use at the time of the disaster, but for auxiliary purposes only with a comparatively low pressure of steam, and being tended by a reliable watch. These boilers

from a point 11½ feet from the middle line of the ship and six feet above the keel when in its normal position, has been forced up so as to be now about four feet above the surface of the water, therefore about 34 feet above where it would be had the ship sunk uninjured. The outside bottom plating is bent into a reversed V shape, the after wing of which, about 15 feet broad and 22 feet in length (from frame 17 to frame 25), is doubled back upon itself against the continuation of the same plating extending forward.

At frame 18 the vertical keel is broken in two, and the flat keel bent into an angle similar to the angle formed by the outside

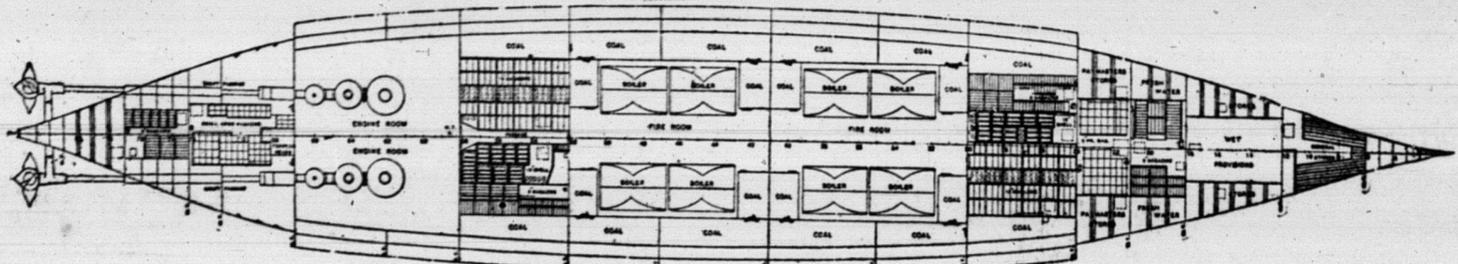
THE LATE SECOND-CLASS BATTLESHIP MAINE.



PROFILE VIEW.

Scale 1-32 inch to one foot.

THE HOLD PLANS OF THE MAINE.



Scale 1-32 inch to one foot.

flow from the visit of national ships to the Cuban waters, in accustoming the people to the presence of our flag as the symbol of good will and of our ships in the fulfillment of the mission of protection to American interests, even though no immediate need hereof might exist.

Accordingly, on the 24th of January last, after conference with the Spanish minister in which the renewal of visits of our war vessels to Spanish waters was discussed and accepted, the peninsular authorities at Madrid and Havana were advised of the purpose of this government to resume friendly naval visits at Cuban ports, and that in that view the Maine would forthwith call at the port of Havana.

The Maine at Havana.

This announcement was received by the Spanish government with appreciation of the friendly character of the visit of the Maine and with notification of intention to return the courtesy by sending Spanish ships to the principal ports of the United States. Meanwhile the Maine entered the port of Havana on the 25th of January, her arrival being marked with no special incident besides the exchange of customary salutes and ceremonial visits.

The Maine continued in the harbor of Havana during the three weeks following her arrival. No appreciable excitement attended her stay; on the contrary, a feeling of relief and confidence followed the resumption of the long interrupted friendly intercourse. So noticeable was this immediate effect of her visit that the consul-general strongly urged that the presence of our ships in Cuban waters should be kept up by retaining the Maine at Havana, or in the event of her recall by sending there a vessel to take her place.

The Fatal Evening.

At 40 minutes past nine on the evening of the 15th of February the Maine was destroyed by an explosion, by which the entire forward part of the ship was utterly wrecked. In this catastrophe two officers and 200 of her crew perished, those

force of the North Atlantic station, was transmitted to the executive.

It is herewith laid before congress, together with the voluminous testimony taken before the court. Its purport is, in brief, as follows:

When the Maine arrived at Havana she was conducted by the regular government pilot to buoy No. 4, to which she was moored in from 5½ to 6 fathoms of water. The state of discipline on board, and the condition of her magazines, boilers, coal bunkers and storage compartments, are passed in review, with the conclusion that excellent order prevailed and that no indication of any cause for an internal explosion existed in any quarter.

At eight o'clock in the evening of February 15, everything had been reported secure and all was quiet.

At 40 minutes past nine o'clock the vessel was suddenly destroyed.

Two Explosions.

There were two distinct explosions, with a brief interval between them. The first lifted the forward part of the ship very perceptibly; the second, which was more prolonged, is attributed by the court to the partial explosion of two or more of the forward magazines.

The evidence of the divers establishes that the after part of the ship was practically intact and sank in that condition a very few minutes after the explosion. The forward part was completely demolished.

Upon the evidence of concurrent external cause the finding of the court is as follows:
"At frame 17 the outer shell of the ship, from a point 11½ feet from the middle line of the ship and six feet above the keel when in its normal position, has been forced up so as to be now about four feet above the surface of the water; therefore, about 34 feet above where it would be had the ship sunk uninjured.

Plates Bent Upward.

"The outside bottom plating is bent into a reversed V shape, the after wing of which, about 15 feet broad and 22 feet in length (from frame 17 to frame 25), is

fathoms of water by the regular government pilot. The United States consul general at Havana had notified the authorities at that place the previous evening of the intended arrival of the Maine.

Discipline Was Excellent.

2. The state of discipline on board the Maine was excellent, and all orders and regulations in regard to the care and safety of the ship were strictly carried out.

All ammunition was stowed away in accordance with instructions, and proper care was taken whenever ammunition was handled.

Nothing was stowed in any one of the magazines or shell rooms which was not permitted to be stowed there.

The magazines and shell rooms were always locked after having been opened; and after the destruction of the Maine the keys were found in their proper place in the captain's cabin, everything having been reported secure that evening at eight p. m.

Temperature Was Normal.

The temperatures of the magazines and shellrooms were taken daily and reported. The only magazine which had an undue amount of heat was the after ten-inch magazine, and that did not explode at the time the Maine was destroyed.

The torpedo war heads were all stowed in the after part of the ship under the wardroom, and neither caused nor participated in the destruction of the Maine.

The dry gun cotton primers and detonators were stowed in the cabin aft and remote from the scene of the explosion.

The waste was carefully looked after on board the Maine to obviate danger. Special orders in regard to this had been given by the commanding officer.

Varnishes, driers, alcohol and other combustibles of this nature were stowed on or above the Maine deck and could not have had anything to do with the destruction of the Maine.

The medical stores were stowed aft under the ward room and remote from the scene of the explosion.

No dangerous stores of any kind were

could not have caused the explosion of the ship. The four forward boilers have since been found by the divers, and are in a fair condition.

On the night of the destruction of the Maine everything had been reported secure for the night at eight p. m. by reliable persons, through the proper authorities, to the commanding officer. At the time the Maine was destroyed the ship was quiet, and therefore least liable to accident caused by movements from those on board.

Were Two Explosions.

3. The destruction of the Maine occurred at 8:40 p. m. on the 15th day of February, 1898, in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, being at the time moored on the same buoy to which she had been taken upon her arrival.

There were two explosions of a distinctly different character with a very short but distinct interval between them, and the forward part of the ship was lifted to a marked degree at the time of the first explosion.

The first explosion was more in the nature of a report, like that of a gun, while the second explosion was more open, prolonged and of greater volume. This second explosion was, in the opinion of the court, caused by the partial explosion of two or more of the forward magazines of the Maine.

Condition of the Wreck.

4. The evidence bearing on this, being principally obtained from divers, did not enable the court to form a definite conclusion as to the condition of the wreck, although it was established that the after part of the ship was practically intact, and sank in that condition a very few minutes after the destruction of the forward part.

The following facts in regard to the forward part of the ship are, however, established by the testimony:

That portion of the port side of the protective deck which extends from about frame 30 to about frame 41 was blown up aft and over to port. The main deck from about frame 30 to about frame 41

bottom plating. This break is now about six feet below the surface of the water, and about 30 feet above its normal position.

Caused by a Mine.

In the opinion of the court, this effect could have been produced only by the explosion of a mine situated under the bottom of the ship at about frame 18, and somewhat on the port side of the ship.

6. The court finds that the loss of the Maine, on the occasion named, was not in any respect due to fault or negligence of the crew of said vessel.

7. In the opinion of the court the Maine was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine, which caused the partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines.

8. The court has been unable to obtain evidence fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons.

W. T. SAMPSON,
Captain, U. S. N., President.

A. MARIX,
Lieutenant Commander, U. S. N., Judge Advocate.

The Findings Approved.

The court, having finished the inquiry, was ordered to make, adjourned at 11 a. m. to await the action of the convening authority.

W. T. SAMPSON,
Captain, U. S. N., President.

A. MARIX,
Lieutenant Commander, U. S. N., Judge Advocate.

U. S. Flagship New York, March 22, 1898, Off Key West, Fla.—The proceedings and findings of the court of inquiry in the above case are approved.

A. SICARD,
Rear Admiral, Commander in Chief of the U. S. Naval Force on the North Atlantic Station.

A Remedy for His Case.

Brown—Jones strikes me as a man who is afraid to think for himself.
Smith—Why doesn't he get married?
—Puck.

Council Proceedings.

(OFFICIAL)

Chelsea, Mar. 16, 1898.

Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by President. Roll call by Clerk. Present—Trustees Vogel, Wedemeyer, Grau, Raftery, Holmes. Absent—Armstrong. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The following bills for cement walks were approved by sidewalk committee.

J. J. Raftery, 330 feet cement walk \$13 20
H. Kempf & Bros, 740 feet cement walk 29 60
Thos. McNamara, 168 feet cement walk 7 56

Total \$50 36

Moved by Holmes and supported by Grau that the following bills be allowed and order drawn on treasurer for same. Yeas—Raftery, Vogel, Wedemeyer, Holmes, Grau. Nays—None. Carried.

Chelsea Standard, printing notices \$ 2 80
Martin Marker, oak post for streets 24 00
R. Kempf Commercial Bank, rent Firemen's Hall 18 00

Geo. A. BeGole, treasurer's salary \$15 and stationary \$1 50 16 50
Hoag & Holmes, hardware 1 41
G. Martin, 3 9-10 days work 4 88

A. Allison, printing tickets 4 00
G. Ahemiller, 22 loads rubbish 6 40
Kempf & Co., lumber for cross walls 21 89
W. D. Arnold, balance on election supplies 50

W. Bacon, 2 days at Lansing 5 68

Moved and supported that the bill of D. B. Taylor and Professor B. M. Thompson be carried over until Thursday night March 17th, 1898.

Moved and supported that Board adjourn until Thursday night, March 17 at 7:30.

W. D. ARNOLD Village Clerk.

Chelsea, March, 17, 1898.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Meeting called to order by President Bacon.

Roll called by Clerk.

Present—Trustees Raftery, Wedemeyer, Holmes, Grau. Absent—Trustees R. S. Armstrong, I Vogel.

Moved by Holmes and supported by Wedemeyer that the bill of Health Officer Dr. H. W. Schmidt for the past year, \$66 25, be allowed and order drawn on Treasurer for same. Carried.

Moved by Wedemeyer and supported by Holmes that the following bills be allowed and order drawn on Treasurer for same.

Carried.

G. Martin 1 days work \$1 25
E. Moore 1/2 day work 1 88
W. Denman 5 loads draying. 1 25

Total \$4 38

Moved by Holmes and supported by Grau that the following bill be allowed and order drawn on Treasurer for same.

Yeas—Raftery, Wedemeyer, Holmes, Grau. Nays—None. Carried.

D. B. Taylor, case W. Lewick & et al, vs. F. P. Glazier. 145 25

D. M. Thompson, case W. Lewick et al, vs. F. P. Glazier. 96 00

J. Staffan, serving papers case W. Lewick et al, vs. F. P. Glazier. 16 25

Chelsea Savings Bank, interest on over drafts of Board of 1896-97. 29 36

Total \$286 86

The following is the result of the Charter Election held in the Village of Chelsea, Monday, March 14, 1898:

Whole number of votes cast 472

Whole No. votes cast for President 468

F. P. Glazier received 296

Wm. Bacon received 172

Majority for Glazier 124

Moved and supported that F. P. Glazier having received a majority of votes cast for President be declared Elected President for the ensuing year.

Whole No. Votes cast for Clerk 469

H. Heselschwerdt 282

W. D. Arnold 187

Majority for Heselschwerdt 95

Moved and supported that H. Heselschwerdt having received majority of all votes cast for Clerk be declared duly elected Clerk for the ensuing year.

Carried.

Whole No. votes cast for Treasurer 470

J. Cole 287

A. Steger 183

Majority for Cole 164

Moved and supported that J. Cole having received a majority of all votes cast for Treasurer be declared duly elected Treasurer for ensuing year.

Carried.

Whole No. votes cast for Trustees 1891
Fred Kantleber 176
John G. Hoover 183
Warren Guerin 168
J. Edward McKone 288
Israel Vogel 276
J. W. Schenk 298

Moved and supported that J. E. McKone, Israel Vogel and J. W. Schenk having received a majority of all votes cast for Trustees be declared duly elected Trustees for the ensuing two years.

Carried.

Whole No. votes cast for Assessor 469

J. P. Wood 289

J. W. VanRiper 180

Majority for J. P. Wood 109

Moved and supported that J. P. Wood having received a majority of all votes cast for Assessor be declared duly elected Assessor for ensuing year.

Carried.

Moved and supported that the minutes stand approved as read.

Yeas—Raftery, Wedemeyer, Holmes, Grau. Nays—None. Carried.

On motion board adjourned.

W. D. ARNOLD, Village Clerk.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Apr. 1, 1898.—This has been a week of the wildest excitement in Congress. Every day has furnished its share. For a time it looked as though the President, the Speaker of the House, and all other opposition would be pushed aside and that Congress would take the bit between her teeth, so to speak, and declare war against Spain. A score or more war-like resolutions have been introduced in the House and Senate. By the use of persuasion and promises on the part of the President and the Speaker this action has been stayed off until next week.

The President has asked that Congress wait until Spain decides whether it will adopt the last chance to peacefully give up Cuba by allowing the insurgents to buy it, before declaring war, or for forcible intervention, which would be the same thing but he has candidly informed that Spain will have to decide quick or it will be too late, as Congress is overwhelming for immediate war, and is becoming more war-like the more it studies the testimony which accompanied the report of the Naval Court of Inquiry saying that the Maine was blown up by a submarine mine; and is liable to act at any time. Few of those Senators and Representatives who are using their influence to hold Congress in check until the President is satisfied that peace is impossible believe in the sincerity of Spain in the present negotiations, and those who wish to start the fighting at once do not hesitate to express the belief that Spain is merely playing for time, in order that her warships now on the way may get across the Atlantic and in a position to attack our sea coast cities before the opening of hostilities. The latter say that we should declare war and send out warships to meet those of Spain in the middle of the ocean, and that we should pen those up in Havana Harbor which are already there. Such action would certainly make the war short and decisive, but the President thinks we should not go to war if everything we demand can be had peacefully.

There seems to be ground for the last report that Secretary Sherman is shortly to retire from the Cabinet. It has been an open secret in Washington that Secretary Sherman has not directed any of the important matters with which the Department of State has had to deal under the present administration. Some have said it was because Secretary Sherman lacked the physical strength, owing to his age and delicate health, to assume any great burden; others, that it was because his mental faculties were no longer what they once were. Anyway he has been Secretary of State only in name. The active duties of Secretary of State has been performed by Judge Day, the Assistant Secretary but in reality the President has been his own Secretary of State. Existing complications and those likely to arise out of them are said to have caused the President to realize the necessity for a Secretary of State of wider diplomatic experience than either himself or his friend, and lieutenant, Judge Day, has had, and the portfolio is said to have been offered to Senator Davis, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, and to have been declined by him, and to ex-Senator Edmunds, of Vt., who has the offer under consideration.

Capt. C. D. Sigsbee, who was in command of the battleship Maine when it was blown up in Havana Harbor, and whose conduct upon that memorable occasion earned the admiration, not only of every American, but of every person who admires the display of a cool head and calm nerves under exciting conditions, returned to his Washington home this week, and is being given a right royal welcome, not only by his wife and children but by all who meet him. He has been thanked in person by the President and the Secretary of the Navy, for the example he has set for the United States Naval officers; and the National Geographic Society, of which Capt. Sigsbee has long been a distinguished member, is arranging for a monster public reception in his honor, in order that the people of Washington can all have an opportunity to meet the brave officer and to tender their esteem and admiration to him in person.

The populists in Congress, with a desire to put themselves on record on the subject, held a joint caucus and agreed upon the resolution which was offered in the Senate by Senator Allen, and in the House by Representative Bell. The resolution provides for recognition of the independence of Cuba, forcible intervention to bring about peace, and the appropriation of \$500,000 for the relief of needy non-combatants.

The republicans of the House are determined that the democrats shall not get the credit for originating any war legislation that may be passed by that body. They showed this by voting solidly to sustain the Speaker when he decided that Representatives Bailey's attempt to offer a resolution declaring Cuba independent as a personal privilege was out of the order, and they showed it again at a caucus held for the purpose of discussing and deciding what they should do. The caucus decided to wait until the first of next week for the President to give Spain a last chance to get out of Cuba peaceably, and the Senate "steering" committee has done the same. It was a close call for war, and Spain must now decide whether it shall be peace or war.

Sex Against Sex.

Men tell us that women are such fools to be always dopping their faces. Sol Let me see. A man shaves twice, four times, and some of them every day in the week.

A lady friend of mine was having her baby boy's curls clipped for the first time the other day, and I went with her to the barber shop and waited, while the barber took from the little fellow's head his crown of beauty. Suddenly I was startled by hearing one of the barbers cry, "Next!" A man who sat reading his paper sprang up, tore off his coat, vest, collar and tie, and placed himself in the lately vacated chair. The barber shaved him then took a towel, and wringing it from boiling water laid it upon the face of his customer, leaving it there until it cooled. This performance was repeated three or four times; then came an application of bay rum, witch-hazel and alcohol, and lastly a good dusting of lily white, or was it magnesia?

And yet women are such fools to be always dopping their faces!—Ex.

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Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

Markets.

Chelsea, April 7, 1898.

Eggs, per dozen 7 c
Butter, per pound, 14 c
Oats, per bushel, 20 c
Corn, per bushel, 16 c
Wheat, per bushel, 88 c
Potatoes, per bushel, 50 c
Apples, per bushel, \$1 25
Onions, per bushel, 75 c
Beans, per bushel, 70 c

Try buttermilk for removal of freckles, tan and butternut stains.

Try It at Our Risk.

That's a fair offer? Any one with impure blood, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak nerves, liver or kidney disease, can thus make a trial of

Dana's SARSAPARILLA

"The Kind that Cures." Buy a bottle from your nearest dealer, and if you receive NO BENEFIT you can GET YOUR MONEY BACK. EVERY BOTTLE IS GUARANTEED. All Druggists Keep It.

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage. GEO. EDER, Prop.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.



Made a Well Man of Me. THE GREAT 30th Day.

FRENCH REMEDY,

Produces the above results in 30 DAYS. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores from effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretions Lost Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power of either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Insomnia, Nervousness, which unfit one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a

Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$5.00 per package, in plain wrapper, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in every package. For free circular address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Chelsea, Mich., by

ARMSTRONG & CO

Real Estate For Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. In the matter of the estate of Henry Osborn, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administratrix of the estate of said Henry Osborn by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 6th day of November A. D. 1897, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in the County of Washtenaw in said State, on Saturday the 9th day of April A. D. 1898, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgages or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Beginning at the mill dam on the Haron river on section 11 in the Township of Scio, Washtenaw County, Michigan, thence up the river on the south bank thereof south 47 degrees and 15 minutes west 5 chains and 25 links, thence south 15 minutes, east 15 chains and 50 links thence north 75 degrees and 30 minutes, east 11 chains and 32 links to the line between section 11 and 12 at a point 11 chains and 5 links south of the quarter post between said sections and containing the same course 17 chains and 26 links to a burr-oak tree 18 inches in diameter standing two feet inside of the garden fence and continuing the same course 25 chains more to the Haron river thence up stream along the bank of the river to the place of beginning containing 50 and 60-100 acres of land including flaring mill thereon and the water power and all rights of flowage connected therewith. Also beginning on the north bank of Haron river on the line between sections 11 and 12 in said Township of Scio 24 chains and 37 links south of the corners of sections 1, 2, 11 and 12 thence north along said line 66 links to a black oak tree 6 inches in diameter thence north 72 degrees and 30 minutes west 4 chains and 52 links to a stake in the center of the blizzard road thence south 50 degrees west 3 chains and 3 links to the first railroad fence and same course 8 chains and 60 links to a stake from which a wild cherry 12 inches in diameter bears east 1 degree and 8 minutes and a hickory tree 8 degrees south 30 degrees west 10 chains and 50 links to a witness a burr oak tree 6 degrees south 20 degrees west 13 and a burr oak tree 4 degrees north and 42 degrees west 25 links thence south 21 degrees and 50 minutes west 13 chains and 56 links to the bank of the Haron river about 1 chain and 8 links above the north end of the mill dam thence easterly down stream along the north bank of the river to the place of beginning containing ten acres of land more or less.

Dated February 19, 1898. MARIA LA RUE, Administratrix of the Estate of Henry Osborn.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain Mortgage made by Conrad Lehn and Katie Lehn, his wife, to the Ann Arbor Savings Bank, dated the Fifth day of January, 1888, and recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 12th day of January, 1888, in Liber 84 of mortgages, on page 592, at fifteen minutes past Two o'clock p. m. of that day, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixteen Hundred and Twenty-three Dollars and Eighty-four Cents, (1623.44) and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted for the collection of said amount of any part thereof.

Now Therefore by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the Statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 21st day of May, 1898, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, of that day there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the East front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said County is held), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, and the costs of this foreclosure including the attorney fee provided for in said mortgage. The premises so to be sold are described as follows: Lots two, (2) three, (3) and six, (6) in Block for corner of the Village of Manchester, Washtenaw County, Michigan, except a strip of land twelve (12) feet wide off from the south side of said lot six (6). Dated February 16th, 1898.

THE ANN ARBOR SAVINGS BANK, Mortgagee.

W. H. HARRIMAN, Attorney.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 23rd day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present, H. WIRTNEWIK, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Samuel P. Bray deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Abbie N. Flagg, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to George Palmer or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 18th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. H. WIRTNEWIK, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage made by Alexander K. Zacharias and Rebecca L. Zacharias, his wife, to Daniel Putnam, Treasurer of the Baptist Convention of the State of Michigan, dated the 6th day of October, 1888, and recorded in Liber 59 of Mortgages, on page 637, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw county Michigan, at 8 o'clock a. m., on the 9th day of October, 1888, which Mortgage was duly assigned by said Daniel Putnam, Treasurer, by deed of assignment dated the 28th day of March, 1888, on which Mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, Four Hundred and Forty-Two dollars, and no suit at law or equity having been instituted for the collection of such indebtedness or any part thereof.

Now Therefore, by virtue of the powers of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the Second day of July, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, Michigan, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for Washtenaw County is held) there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the above indebtedness, including taxes, costs of Foreclosure, and an attorney fee provided for in said Mortgage. The premises so to be sold are described as follows: Lots number one (1) and two (2) according to the recorded plat of the Village of Superior, Washtenaw county, Michigan. April 6th, 1898.

W. W. BEMAN, Treasurer and Assignee of Mortgagee.

W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney.

SUBSCRIBE for the HERALD.

The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Try a hot, dry flannel over the seat of neuralgic pain, and renew it frequently.